

CLAYMORE EXCHANGE-TRADED FUND TRUST

Guggenheim BulletShares 2012 Corporate Bond ETF
Guggenheim BulletShares 2013 Corporate Bond ETF
Guggenheim BulletShares 2014 Corporate Bond ETF
Guggenheim BulletShares 2015 Corporate Bond ETF
Guggenheim BulletShares 2016 Corporate Bond ETF
Guggenheim BulletShares 2017 Corporate Bond ETF
Guggenheim BulletShares 2012 High Yield Corporate Bond ETF
Guggenheim BulletShares 2013 High Yield Corporate Bond ETF
Guggenheim BulletShares 2014 High Yield Corporate Bond ETF
Guggenheim BulletShares 2015 High Yield Corporate Bond ETF
Guggenheim Spin-Off ETF
Guggenheim Multi-Asset Income ETF
Guggenheim Mid-Cap Core ETF
Guggenheim Defensive Equity ETF
Guggenheim BRIC ETF
Guggenheim Enhanced Core Bond ETF
Guggenheim Enhanced Short Duration Bond ETF
Guggenheim Insider ETF
Guggenheim Ocean Tomo Patent ETF
Guggenheim Ocean Tomo Growth Index ETF
Guggenheim Raymond James SB-1 Equity ETF
Wilshire 5000 Total Market ETF
Wilshire Micro-Cap ETF
Wilshire US REIT ETF
Wilshire 4500 Completion ETF
Guggenheim Sector Rotation ETF
Guggenheim S&P Global Dividend Opportunities Index ETF
Guggenheim International Small Cap LDRs ETF

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Guggenheim ABC High Dividend ETF
Guggenheim S&P Global Water Index ETF
Guggenheim China Technology ETF
Guggenheim Timber ETF
Guggenheim EW Euro-Pacific LDRs ETF
Guggenheim Canadian Energy Income ETF
Guggenheim Airline ETF
Guggenheim Frontier Markets ETF
Guggenheim China Small Cap Index ETF
Guggenheim International Multi-Asset Income ETF
Guggenheim Yuan Bond ETF
Guggenheim Shipping ETF
Guggenheim Solar ETF
Guggenheim China Real Estate ETF
Guggenheim China All-Cap ETF

**Supplement to the currently effective Summary Prospectus, Statutory Prospectus and
Statement of Additional Information for each of the above listed Funds:**

*Effective January 17, 2012, Chuck Craig will no longer serve as a portfolio manager for the
above listed Funds. Accordingly, all references to Chuck Craig are hereby deleted.*

Claymore Exchange-Traded Fund Trust
2455 Corporate West Drive
Lisle, Illinois 60532

Claymore Exchange-Traded Fund Trust 2
2455 Corporate West Drive
Lisle, Illinois 60532

Please Retain This Supplement for Future Reference

January 13, 2012

ETF-PRO-SUP-ALL0112



GUGGENHEIM SPIN-OFF ETF

Before you invest, you may want to review the Fund's prospectus, which contains more information about the Fund and its risks. You can find the Fund's prospectus and other information about the Fund online at www.guggenheimfunds.com/etf. You can also get this information at no cost by calling (800) 345-7999 or by sending an e-mail request to etfinfo@guggenheimfunds.com. The Fund's prospectus and statement of additional information, each dated December 30, 2011, are incorporated by reference into (and are considered part of) this Summary Prospectus.

Investment Objective

The Fund seeks investment results that correspond generally to the performance, before the Fund's fees and expenses, of an equity index called the Beacon Spin-off Index (the "Spin-off Index" or "Index").

Fees and Expenses of the Fund

This table describes the fees and expenses that you may pay if you buy and hold shares of the Fund. Investors purchasing Shares in the secondary market may be subject to costs (including customary brokerage commissions) charged by their broker.

Annual Fund Operating Expenses (expenses that you pay each year as a percentage of the value of your investment)	
Management fees	0.50%
Distribution and service (12b-1) fees ⁽¹⁾	—%
Other expenses	1.01%
Total annual Fund operating expenses	1.51%
Expense reimbursements ⁽²⁾	0.86%
Total annual Fund operating expenses after expense reimbursements	0.65%

¹ The Fund has adopted a Distribution and Service (12b-1) Plan pursuant to which the Fund may bear a 12b-1 fee not to exceed 0.25% per annum of the Fund's average daily net assets. However, no such fee is currently paid by the Fund and the Board of Trustees has adopted a resolution that no such fee will be paid for at least 12 months from the date of this Prospectus.

² The Fund's Investment Adviser has contractually agreed to reimburse Fund expenses to the extent necessary to prevent the operating expenses of the Fund (excluding interest expenses, a portion of the Fund's licensing fees, offering costs, brokerage commissions and other trading expenses, taxes and extraordinary expenses such as litigation and other expenses not incurred in the ordinary course of the Fund's business) from exceeding 0.60% of average net assets per year (the "Expense Cap"), at least until December 31, 2014, and prior to such date the Investment Adviser may not terminate the arrangement without the approval of the Board of Trustees. To the extent the Fund incurs expenses that are excluded from the Expense Cap, the Fund's expense ratio will exceed the Expense Cap.

Example

This Example is intended to help you compare the cost of investing in the Fund with the costs of investing in other funds. The Example does not take into account brokerage commissions that you pay when purchasing or selling Shares of the Fund.

The Example assumes that you invest \$10,000 in the Fund for the time periods indicated and then redeem all of your shares at the end of those periods. The Example also assumes that your investment has a 5% return each year and that the Fund's operating expenses remain the same. Although your actual costs may be higher or lower, based on these assumptions your costs would be:

One Year	Three Years	Five Years	Ten Years
\$66	\$262	\$673	\$1,823

Portfolio Turnover

The Fund pays transaction costs, such as commissions, when it buys and sells securities (or "turns over" its portfolio). A higher portfolio turnover rate may indicate higher transaction costs and may result in higher taxes when Shares are held in a taxable account. These costs, which are not reflected in annual fund operating expenses or in the Example, affect the Fund's performance. During the most recent fiscal year, the Fund's portfolio turnover rate was 2% of the average value of its portfolio.

Principal Investment Strategies

The Fund, using a low cost "passive" or "indexing" investment approach, seeks to replicate, before the Fund's fees and expenses, the performance of the Spin-off Index (Index Ticker: CLRSOTR). The Spin-off Index is comprised of approximately 28 securities selected, based on investment and other criteria, from a broad universe of U.S.-traded stocks, American depositary receipts ("ADRs") and master limited partnerships ("MLPs"). The depositary receipts included in the Index may be sponsored or unsponsored. The universe of companies eligible for inclusion in the Index includes companies that have been spun-off within the past 30 months (but not more recently than six months prior to the applicable rebalancing date), without limitations on market capitalization (including micro-cap securities), but which are primarily small- and mid-cap companies with capitalizations under \$10.0 billion. The time period from being spun-off may be extended

to compensate for periods where there are too few new spin-offs to populate the Index. Beacon Indexes LLC ("Beacon" or the "Index Provider") defines a spin-off company as any company resulting from either of the following events: a spin-off distribution of stock of a subsidiary company by its parent company to parent company shareholders or equity "carve-outs" or "partial initial public offerings" in which a parent company sells a percentage of the equity of a subsidiary to public shareholders. The Fund will invest at least 90% of its total assets in common stock, ADRs and MLPs that comprise the Index and depositary receipts representing common stocks included in the Index (or underlying securities representing ADRs included in the Index). The Fund has adopted a policy that requires the Fund to provide shareholders with at least 60 days notice prior to any material change in this policy or the Index. The Board of Trustees of the Trust may change the Fund's investment strategy and other policies without shareholder approval, except as otherwise indicated.

The Fund may invest directly in one or more underlying securities represented by depositary receipts included in the Index under the following limited circumstances: (a) when market conditions result in the underlying security providing improved liquidity relative to the depositary receipt; (b) when a depositary receipt is trading at a significantly different price than its underlying security; or (c) the timing of trade executions is improved due to the local market in which an underlying security is traded being open at different times than the market in which the security's corresponding depositary receipt is traded.

The Investment Adviser seeks a correlation over time of 0.95 or better between the Fund's performance and the performance of the Index. A figure of 1.00 would represent perfect correlation.

The Fund generally will invest in all of the securities comprising the Index in proportion to their weightings in the Index. However, under various circumstances, it may not be possible or practicable to purchase all of the securities in the Index in those weightings. In those circumstances, the Fund may purchase a sample of the securities in the Index in proportions expected by the Investment Adviser to replicate generally the performance of the Index as a whole. There may also be instances in which the Investment Adviser may choose to overweight another security in the Index or purchase (or sell) securities not in the Index which the Investment Adviser believes are appropriate to substitute for one or more Index components in seeking to accurately track the Index. In addition, from time to time securities are added to or removed from the Index. The Fund may sell securities that are represented in the Index or purchase securities that are not yet represented in the Index in anticipation of their removal from or addition to the Index.

Principal Investment Risks

Investors should consider the following risk factors and special considerations associated with investing in the Fund, which may cause you to lose money.

Investment Risk. An investment in the Fund is subject to investment risk, including the possible loss of the entire principal amount that you invest.

Equity Risk. The value of the equity securities held by the Fund may fall due to general market and economic conditions, perceptions regarding the industries in which the issuers of securities held by the Fund participate, or factors relating to specific companies in which the Fund invests. For example, an adverse event, such as an unfavorable earnings report, may depress the value of equity securities of an issuer held by the Fund; the price of common stock of an issuer may be particularly sensitive to general movements in the stock market; or a drop in the stock market may depress the price of most or all of the common stocks and other equity securities held by the Fund. In addition, common stock of an issuer in the Fund's portfolio may decline in price if the issuer fails to make anticipated dividend payments because, the issuer of the security experiences a decline in its financial condition. Common stock is subordinated to preferred stocks, bonds and other debt instruments in a company's capital structure, in terms of priority to corporate income, and therefore will be subject to greater dividend risk than preferred stocks or debt instruments of such issuers. In addition, while broad market measures of common stocks have historically generated higher average returns than fixed income securities, common stocks have also experienced significantly more volatility in those returns.

Foreign Investment Risk. The Fund's investments in non-U.S. issuers, although generally limited to ADRs, may involve unique risks compared to investing in securities of U.S. issuers, including less market liquidity, generally greater market volatility than U.S. securities and less complete financial information than for U.S. issuers. In addition, adverse political, economic or social developments could undermine the value of the Fund's investments or prevent the Fund from realizing the full value of its investments. Financial reporting standards for companies based in foreign markets differ from those in the United States. In addition, the underlying issuers of certain depositary receipts, particularly unsponsored or unregistered depositary receipts, are under no obligation to distribute shareholder communications to the holders of such receipts, or to pass through to them any voting rights with respect to the deposited securities. Issuers of unsponsored depositary receipts are not contractually obligated to disclose material information in the U.S. and, therefore, such information may not correlate to the market value of the unsponsored depositary receipt. Finally, to the extent the Fund invests in foreign securities other than ADRs, the value of the currency of the country in which the Fund has invested could decline relative to the value of the U.S. dollar, which may affect the value of the investment to U.S. investors.

Consumer Discretionary Sector Risk. The success of consumer product manufacturers and retailers is tied closely to the performance of the overall domestic and international economy, interest rates, competitive and consumer confidence. Success depends heavily on disposable household income and consumer spending. Changes in demographics and consumer tastes can also affect the demand for, and success of, consumer products in the marketplace.

Computer/Technology Sector Risk. Competitive pressures may have a significant effect on the financial condition of companies in the computer/technology sector. Also, many of the products and services offered by computer and technology companies are subject to the risks of short product cycles and rapid obsolescence. Companies in the computer/technology sector also may be subject to competition from new market entrants. Such companies also may be subject to risks relating to research and development costs and the availability and price of components. As product cycles shorten and manufacturing capacity increases, these companies could become increasingly subject to aggressive pricing, which hampers profitability. Other risks include those related to regulatory changes, such as the possible adverse effects on profits of recent increased competition among telecommunications companies and the uncertainties resulting from such companies' diversification into new domestic and international businesses, as well as agreements by any such companies linking future rate increases to inflation or other factors not directly related to the actual operating profits of the enterprise.

Small and Medium-Sized Company Risk. Investing in securities of small and medium-sized companies involves greater risk than is customarily associated with investing in larger, more established companies. These companies' securities may be more volatile and less liquid than those of larger, more established companies. These securities may have returns that vary, sometimes significantly, from the overall stock market.

Micro-cap Company Risk. Micro-cap stocks involve substantially greater risks of loss and price fluctuations because their earnings and revenues tend to be less predictable (and some companies may be experiencing significant losses), and their share prices tend to be more volatile and their markets less liquid than companies with larger market capitalizations. Micro-cap companies may be newly formed or in the early stages of development, with limited product lines, markets or financial resources and may lack management depth. In addition, there may be less public information available about these companies. The shares

of micro-cap companies tend to trade less frequently than those of larger, more established companies, which can adversely affect the pricing of these securities and the future ability to sell these securities. Also, it may take a long time before the Fund realizes a gain, if any, on an investment in a micro-cap company.

MLP Risk. Investments in securities of MLPs involve risks that differ from an investment in common stock. Holders of the units of MLPs have more limited control and limited rights to vote on matters affecting the partnership. There are also certain tax risks associated with an investment in units of MLPs. In addition, conflicts of interest may exist between common unit holders, subordinated unit holders and the general partner of a MLP, including a conflict arising as a result of incentive distribution payments.

Non-Correlation Risk. The Fund's return may not match the return of the Index for a number of reasons. For example, the Fund incurs a number of operating expenses not applicable to the Index, and incurs costs in buying and selling securities, especially when rebalancing the Fund's securities holdings to reflect changes in the composition of the Index.

The Fund may not be fully invested at times, either as a result of cash flows into the Fund or reserves of cash held by the Fund to meet redemptions and expenses. If the Fund utilizes a sampling approach or futures or other derivative positions, or otherwise holds investments other than those which comprise the Index, its return may not correlate as well with the return on the Index, as would be the case if it purchased all of the securities in the Index with the same weightings as the Index.

Concentration Risk. If the Index concentrates in an industry or group of industries the Fund's investments will be concentrated accordingly. In such event, the value of the Fund's Shares may rise and fall more than the value of shares of a fund that invests in securities of companies in a broader range of industries.

Replication Management Risk. Unlike many investment companies, the Fund is not "actively" managed. Therefore, it would not necessarily sell a security because the security's issuer was in financial trouble unless that security is removed from the Index.

Issuer-Specific Changes. The value of an individual security or particular type of security can be more volatile than the market as a whole and can perform differently from the value of the market as a whole. The value of securities of smaller issuers can be more volatile than that of larger issuers.

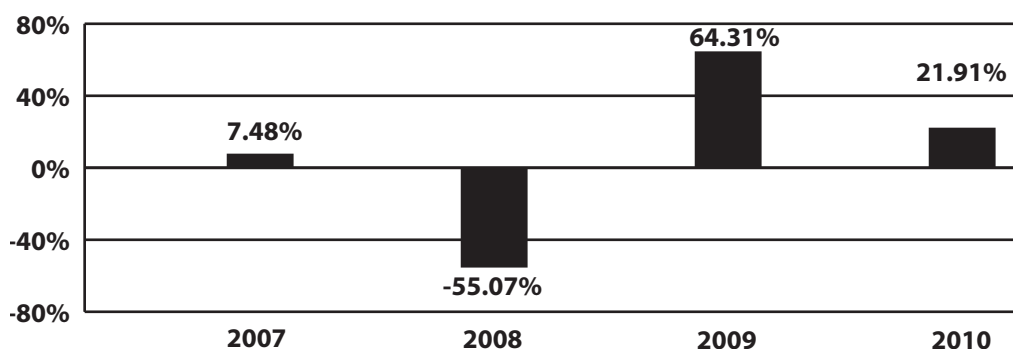
Non-Diversified Fund Risk. The Fund is considered non-diversified and can invest a greater portion of assets in securities of individual issuers than a diversified fund. As a result, changes in the market value of a single investment could cause greater fluctuations in share price than would occur in a diversified fund.

The Fund's Shares will change in value, and you could lose money by investing in the Fund. The Fund may not achieve its investment objective. An investment in the Fund has not been guaranteed, sponsored, recommended, or approved by the United States, or any agency, instrumentality or officer of the United States, has not been insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and is not guaranteed by and is not otherwise an obligation of any bank or insured depository institution.

Fund Performance

The chart and table below provide some indication of the risks of investing in the Fund by showing changes in the Fund's performance from year to year and by showing how the Fund's average annual returns for one year compare with those of the Index and broad measures of market performance. The Fund's past performance (before and after taxes) is not necessarily an indication of how the Fund will perform in the future. Updated performance information for the Fund is available at www.guggenheimfunds.com.

Calendar Year Total Return as of 12/31



The Fund commenced operations on December 15, 2006. The Fund's year-to-date total return was -9.48% as of September 30, 2011.

During the periods shown in the above chart, the Fund's highest and lowest calendar quarter returns were 26.85% and -33.42%, respectively, for the quarters ended September 30, 2009 and December 31, 2008.

All after-tax returns are calculated using the historical highest individual federal marginal income tax rates and do not reflect the impact of any state or local tax. Your own actual after-tax returns will depend on your tax situation and may differ from what is shown here. After-tax returns are not relevant to investors who hold Shares of the Fund in tax-deferred accounts such as individual retirement accounts (IRAs) or employee-sponsored retirement plans.

Average Annual Total Returns for the Periods Ended December 31, 2010	1 year	Since inception (12/15/06)
Returns Before Taxes	21.91%	-0.94%
Returns After Taxes on Distributions	21.71%	-1.50%
Returns After Taxes on Distributions and Sale of Fund Shares	14.24%	-1.16%
Beacon Spin-off Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	21.91%	-0.51%
Russell Midcap Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	25.61%	1.88%
Standard & Poor's 500 [®] Index (reflects no deduction for fees, expenses or taxes)	15.06%	-0.93%

Management

Investment Adviser. Guggenheim Funds Investment Advisors, LLC.

Portfolio Managers. The portfolio managers who are currently responsible for the day-to-day management of the Fund's portfolio are Chuck Craig, CFA, and Saroj Kanuri, CFA. Mr. Craig, Managing Director, Portfolio Management and Supervision, has managed the Fund's portfolio since its inception, and Mr. Kanuri, Vice President, ETF Portfolio Management, has managed the Fund's portfolio since May 2010.

Purchase and Sale of Shares

The Fund will issue and redeem Shares at NAV only in a large specified number of Shares called a "Creation Unit" or multiples thereof. A Creation Unit consists of 50,000 Shares. The Fund generally issues and redeems Creation Units principally in-kind. *Except when aggregated in Creation Units, the Shares are not redeemable securities of the Fund.* Individual Shares of the Fund may only be purchased and sold in secondary market transactions through brokers. Shares of the Fund are listed for trading on NYSE Arca, Inc. ("NYSE Arca") and because Shares trade at market prices rather than NAV, Shares of the Fund may trade at a price greater than or less than NAV.

Tax Information

The Fund's distributions are taxable and will generally be taxed as ordinary income or capital gains.

Payments to Broker-Dealers and Other Financial Intermediaries

If you purchase shares of the Fund through a broker-dealer or other financial intermediary (such as a bank), the Investment Adviser or other related companies may pay the intermediary for marketing activities and presentations, educational training programs, the support of technology platforms and/or reporting systems or other services related to the sale or promotion of the Fund. These payments may create a conflict of interest by influencing the broker-dealer or other intermediary and your salesperson to recommend the Fund over another investment. Ask your salesperson or visit your financial intermediary's website for more information.